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7590 07/05/2005			EXAMINER	
R. Alan Burnett BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP			DAY, HERNG DER	
Seventh Floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
12400 Wilshire Boulevard Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026			2128	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	- NA					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/802,787	KHANNA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Herng-der Day	2128				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	with the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stal Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of the od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC tute, cause the application to become a	a reply be timely filed airty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25						
<u> </u>						
• •	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>25 March 2005</u> is/are						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corn 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/C Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This communication is in response to Applicants' Amendment ("Amendment") to Office Action dated December 23, 2004, mailed March 23, 2005, and received by PTO March 25, 2005.
- 1-1. Claims 1, 9, 19, 21, and 24 have been amended. Claims 1-24 are pending.
- 1-2. Claims 1-24 have been examined and rejected.

Drawings

2. The proposed drawing corrections to FIG. 1 and FIG. 4 have been approved. The formal drawings received March 25, 2005, are acceptable. The objection to the drawings has been withdrawn.

Specification

3. The objections to the specification have been withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 5-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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5-1. Claim 5 recites the limitation "the set of components" in line 1 of the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Claim 6 is rejected as being dependent on a rejected claim 5.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

- 7. Claims 1-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Furner et al., U.S. Patent 5,974,474 issued October 26, 1999, in view of Dinallo, U.S. Patent 5,727,212 issued March 10, 1998.
- 7-1. Regarding claim 1, Furner et al. disclose a method for representing a root bus of a computer system, comprising:

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dynamically [generating an object-oriented abstraction corresponding to the root bus referencing to one or more methods that may be implemented] to obtain and/or generate configuration and resource allocation information for the root bus and any subordinate busses connected either directly or indirectly to the root bus (configuration process includes resolving conflicts, FIG. 13); and

Furner et al. also disclose peripheral buses are characterized by being connected, directly or indirectly, to the CPU-memory bus through bus controllers that actively manage the communication to the hardware devices on the bus (column 10, lines 13-16). Furthermore, Furner et al. disclose an installation information table as shown in FIG. 2E, which implies registering functions. However, Furner et al. fail to expressly disclose generating an object-oriented abstraction including methods. Nevertheless, Furner et al. do suggest portions of the identification and configuration system could be abstracted into functional modules. Thus, applications could refer to hardware instances in a common manner (column 31, lines 41-51).

Dinallo discloses bridging communications between an object oriented component and a procedural programmed device driver (Dinallo, column 2, lines 4-16). As shown in Fig. 3, each Object includes multiple methods to provide different functions. In the OOP environment, registering the methods is well known.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Furner et al. to incorporate the teachings of Dinallo to obtain the invention as specified in claim 1 because by bridging communications between an object oriented component and a procedural programmed device driver the existing procedural programmed device driver could be reused in the OOP environment.

- 7-2. Regarding claim 2, Furner et al. further disclose the object-oriented abstraction comprises one of a C++ object or Java object (C++, column 31, lines 41-45).
- 7-3. Regarding claim 3, Furner et al. further disclose the root bus comprises a PCI bus (primary bus, PCI, column 10, lines 40-42).
- 7-4. Regarding claim 4, Furner et al. further disclose comprising enumerating the root bus and said any subordinate busses through use of the methods that are registered (retrieved information, column 13, lines 22-28).
 - 7-5. Regarding claim 5, Furner et al. further disclose the set of components of the object-oriented abstraction include at least one variable for storing information, further comprising storing configuration information derived during enumeration of the root bus into said at least one variable (reference table, column 13, lines 22-28).
 - **7-6.** Regarding claim 6, Furner et al. further disclose comprising allocating resources for the root bus, each subordinate bus, and any devices attached to those root and subordinate busses (resource setting 142, column 12, lines 39-47); and

storing information corresponding to resources that are allocated in said at least one variable for storing information (storing information, column 13, lines 22-28).

- 7-7. Regarding claim 7, Furner et al. further disclose functions of the root bus are controlled, at least in part, by a chipset having a plug-in driver, further comprising interrogating the plug-in driver to identify said plurality of methods (bus controllers, column 10, lines 28-30).
- 7-8. Regarding claim 8, Furner et al. further disclose functions of the root bus are controlled, at least in part, by a chipset having a plug-in driver, further comprising publishing the object-oriented abstraction via the plug-in driver (run-time memory 101, FIG. 1B).

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process includes resolving conflicts, FIG. 13);

7-9. Regarding claim 9, Furner et al. disclose a method for defining resource configuration information in a system that includes a plurality of root busses, comprising:

identifying each of the plurality of root busses (primary buses, column 10, lines 10-16);

[defining an object oriented representation of each root bus comprising a set of
components that includes references to a plurality of methods that may be implemented] to
obtain and/or generate configuration and resource allocation information for that root bus and
any subordinate busses connected either directly or indirectly to the root bus (configuration

assigning a bus identifier for each of the subordinate busses (bus tag 134, FIG. 1B). Furner et al. also disclose peripheral buses are characterized by being connected, directly or indirectly, to the CPU-memory bus through bus controllers that actively manage the communication to the hardware devices on the bus (column 10, lines 13-16). However, Furner et al. fail to expressly disclose defining an object-oriented abstraction of each root bus including methods. Nevertheless, Furner et al. do suggest portions of the identification and configuration system could be abstracted into functional modules. Thus, applications could refer to hardware instances in a common manner (column 31, lines 41-51).

Dinallo discloses bridging communications between an object oriented component and a procedural programmed device driver (Dinallo, column 2, lines 4-16). As shown in Fig. 3, each Object includes multiple methods to provide different functions.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Furner et al. to incorporate the teachings of Dinallo to obtain the invention as specified in claim 9 because by bridging communications between an

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object oriented component and a procedural programmed device driver the existing procedural programmed device driver could be reused in the OOP environment.

- 7-10. Regarding claim 10, Furner et al. further disclose the object oriented representation includes a globally unique identifier (GUID) for each root bus (bus tag 134, FIG. 1B).
- 7-11. Regarding claim 11, Furner et al. further disclose comprising: creating a handle (run-time memory 101, FIG. 1B); and

storing references corresponding to the GUIDs for each root bus in the handle (reference table, column 13, lines 22-28).

- 7-12. Regarding claim 12, Furner et al. further disclose the handle further includes indicia for each GUID identifying a location of the object oriented representation corresponding to the GUID (driver location 208, FIG. 2B).
- **7-13.** Regarding claim 13, Furner et al. further disclose comprises a pointer to the memory address at which the object oriented representation is stored (reference table, column 13, lines 22-28).
- **7-14.** Regarding claim 14, Furner et al. further disclose each root bus and any subordinate busses connected either directly or indirectly to the root bus form a hierarchy, and wherein the enumeration process for each root bus comprises:

assigning bus identifiers as subordinate busses are reached while moving downward through the hierarchy (bus tag 134, FIG. 1B); and

calculating resource requirements for each subordinate bus while moving back up the hierarchy (calculated information, column 13, lines 22-28).

7-15. Regarding claim 15, Furner et al. further disclose comprising:

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determining resource requirements for each subordinate bus; allocating the resource requirements for that subordinate bus (resource setting 142, FIG. 2E); and

setting resources for that subordinate bus (allocate system resources, column 12, lines 39-47).

- 7-16. Regarding claim 16, Furner et al. further disclose at least one of the subordinate busses for a given root bus has a peripheral device connected to it, and further wherein determining the resource requirements for each subordinate bus includes determining the resource requirements of any peripheral devices attached to that subordinate bus (hardware devices 148, FIG. 1B).
- 7-17. Regarding claim 17, Furner et al. further disclose comprising:

allocating resources for each root bus based in part on the resources of its subordinate busses (resource setting 142, FIG. 1B); and

setting the resources for that root bus (allocate system resources, column 12, lines 39-47).

7-18. Regarding claim 18, Furner et al. further disclose comprising:

evaluating devices in the hierarchy of each root bus to determine if they produce a firmware device or an optional ROM that may include BIOS corresponding to a bootable device (compares the information in each drive record with that in the hardware device records, column 15, lines 8-18).

- **7-19.** Regarding claim 19, this article of manufacture claim includes same method limitations as in claim 1 and is unpatentable using the same analysis of claim 1.
- **7-20.** Regarding claim 20, Furner et al. further disclose the computer-executable instructions comprises one or more software modules including a root bus driver (drivers 121, FIG. 1B).

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7-21. Regarding claim 21, Furner et al. further disclose execution of the instructions further performs the function of assigning a bus identifier for each of the subordinate busses through use of an enumeration process that implements one or more of the methods referenced by the object oriented abstraction of that root bus (bus tag 134, FIG. 1B).

7-22. Regarding claim 22, Furner et al. further disclose the root bus and any subordinate busses connected either directly or indirectly to the root bus form a hierarchy, and wherein the enumeration process for the root bus comprises:

assigning bus identifiers as subordinate busses are reached while moving downward through the hierarchy (bus tag 134, FIG. 1B); and

calculating resource requirements for each subordinate bus while moving back up the hierarchy (calculated information, column 13, lines 22-28).

7-23. Regarding claim 23, Furner et al. further disclose execution of the instructions further performs the functions of:

determining resource requirements for each subordinate bus (resource setting 142, FIG. 1B);

allocating the resource requirements for that subordinate bus (resource setting 142, FIG. 2E); and

assigning the resources that are allocated to the root bus that is a parent of that subordinate bus (allocate system resources, column 12, lines 39-47).

7-24. Regarding claim 24, Furner et al. further disclose execution of the instructions further performs the functions of:

creating a handle (run-time memory 101, FIG. 1B); and

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storing references corresponding to a globally unique identifier (GUID) for the object-oriented abstraction and a pointer to the object-oriented abstraction in the handle (reference table, column 13, lines 22-28).

Applicants' Arguments

- **8.** Applicants argue the following:
- (1) "Under Furner, configuration and resource allocation information for root busses and subordinate busses is obtained by the identification and configuration system 119. There is no method or methods that are registered in memory to perform this operation" (page 16, last paragraph, through page 17, paragraph 1, Amendment).
- (2) "The foregoing explicitly states that the functional modules could be employed for the purpose of identifying and configuring hardware instances. The one or more methods recited in claim 1 concern methods that are use to obtain and/or generate configuration and resource allocation information for the root bus and any subordinate busses connected either directly or indirectly to the root bus. Clearly, the methods referred to in claim 1 serve an entirely different function than the device drivers employed by Furner" (page 17, paragraph 3, Amendment).
- (3) "Again, the methods referred to in independent claim 9 are not drivers for hardware devices/instances" (page 18, paragraph 4, Amendment).

Response to Arguments

9. Applicants' arguments have been fully considered.

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9-1. Response to Applicants' argument (1). Although Furner et al. do suggest portions of the identification and configuration system could be abstracted into functional modules as in an object-oriented programming language such as C++, the disclosure of Furner et al. is not in the OOP environment. Therefore, methods or registering methods would not be found. However, the functions provided by the identifying and configuring system of Furner et al. do meet the claimed limitations although not in an OOP format. Dinallo's method has bridged the gap in a way suggested by Furner et al.

9-2. Response to Applicants' arguments (2) and (3). By way of identifying and configuring for hardware instances, configuration and resource allocation information are generated at each associated table. For example, a number of resource settings 142 allocate system resources to a hardware instance 150 (column 12, lines 39-51). In other words, the disclosure of Furner et al. is not drivers only as asserted by Applicants.

Conclusion

10. Applicants' amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicants are reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

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CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Herng-der Day whose telephone number is (571) 272-3777. The

Examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 - 17:30.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be

directed to the TC 2100 Group receptionist: (571) 272-2100.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Jean R. Homere can be reached on (571) 272-3780. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

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PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Herng-der Day June 27, 2005 H.D.

Thai Phan Thai Phan Patent Examiner AU: 2128